INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JUNE 30, 2015

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<u>Officials</u>

(Before January 2015) <u>Title</u>	Term Expires
Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors	January 2015 January 2015 January 2017
County Auditor	January 2017
County Treasurer	January 2015
County Sheriff	January 2017
County Attorney	January 2015
County Assessor	January 2016
(After January 2015)	
Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors	January 2019 January 2019 January 2017
County Auditor	January 2017
County Treasurer	January 2019
County Sheriff	January 2017
County Attorney	January 2019
County Assessor	January 2016
County Recorder	January 2019
	Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors County Auditor County Treasurer County Sheriff County Attorney County Assessor (After January 2015) Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors County Auditor County Treasurer County Sheriff County Sheriff County Attorney County Assessor

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Elected Officials of Wapello County, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wapello County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Wapello County, Iowa's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wapello County, Iowa, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, Wapello County, Iowa adopted new accounting guidance related to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, the schedule of the county's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of county contributions and the schedule of funding progress for the retiree health plan on pages 4 through 9 and 41 through 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wapello County, lowa's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2014 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 6, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2016, on our consideration of Wapello County, lowa's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Wapello County, lowa's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ANDERSON, LARKIN & CO. P.C.

Ottumwa, Iowa February 25, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Wapello County, lowa provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow.

2015 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- County revenue decreased 4.3%, or \$878,443 from fiscal year 2014 to 2015.
- County program expenses were 8.3% or \$1,683,635 less in fiscal year 2015 than in 2014.
- ◆ The County's net position increased 2.4%, or \$975,651, during the year ended June 30, 2015.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the County's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Wapello County, Iowa as a whole and present an overall view of the County's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Wapello County, lowa's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Wapello County, lowa acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of County government (Agency Funds).

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the County's budget for the year, the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions, as well as presenting the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds and the individual Agency Funds. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various federal programs benefiting the County.

REPORTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information which helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents financial information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that fill not result in cash flows until future fiscal years.

The County's governmental activities are presented in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Governmental activities include public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, interest on long-term debt and non-program activities. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The County has three kinds of funds:

1. Governmental funds account for most of the County's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund, 2) the Special Revenue Funds such as Mental Health, Rural Services, and Secondary Roads, 3) the Debt Service Fund, and 4) the Capital Projects Fund. These funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2. A Proprietary fund is used to account for the County's Internal Service, Employee Group Health Fund. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position and a statement of cash flows.

3. Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trust or agency capacity for others which cannot be used to support the County's own programs. These fiduciary funds include Agency Funds that account for drainage districts, emergency management services and the County Assessor, to name a few.

The required financial statement for fiduciary funds is a statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the governmental fund financial statements follow the governmental fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The analysis that follows focuses on the changes in net position for governmental activities.

Net Position of Governmental Activities

	June 30, <u>2015</u>	June 30, As Restated
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 25,320,323 37,650,525 62,970,848	\$ 25,842,200 36,334,269 62,176,469
Deferred outflows of resources	698,075	<u>516,827</u>
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	9,867,628 1,185,262 11,052,890	11,397,689 1,028,749 12,426,438
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>11,168,175</u>	_9,794,651
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	\$ 31,420,056 12,069,785 (2,041,983) 41,447,858	\$ 30,034,223 12,193,154 (1,755,170) 40,472,207

Net position of the County's governmental activities increased by 2.4% (\$41,447,858 compared to \$40,472,207). The largest portion of the County's net position is the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment), less the related debt. The debt related to the investment in capital assets is liquidated with resources other than capital assets. Restricted net position represent resources subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – decreased from (\$1,755,170) at June 30, 2014 to (\$2,041,983) at June 30, 2015, a decrease of 16.3%.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 was implemented during fiscal year 2015. The beginning net position as of July 1, 2014 was restated by \$3,600,095 to retroactively report the net pension liability as of June 30, 2013 and deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after June 30, 2013 but prior to July 1, 2014. Fiscal year 2013 and 2014 financial statement amounts for pension expense and deferred inflows of resources were not restated because the information was not available. In the past, pension expense was the amount of the employer contribution. Current reporting provides a more comprehensive measure of pension expense which is more reflective of the amounts employees earned during the year.

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Revenues:	June 30, <u>2015</u>	June 30, <u>2014</u>
Program revenues: Charges for service Operating grants, contributions and restricted interest Capital grants, contributions and restricted interest General revenues: Property tax Local option sales tax Unrestricted investment earnings	\$ 1,179,314 3,791,263 1,789,541 9,639,806 1,474,558 17,071	\$ 988,293 4,206,148 2,602,041 9,850,138 1,499,176 11,843
Other general revenues Total revenues	1,573,675 19,465,228	1,186,032 20,343,671
Program expenses: Public safety and legal services Physical health and social services Mental health County environment and education Roads and transportation Governmental services to residents Administration Non-program Interest on long-term debt Total expenses	3,962,504 1,214,396 1,833,615 910,726 6,086,262 977,052 3,245,692 185,436 73,894 18,489,577	3,937,417 1,326,955 1,409,786 854,380 8,188,868 1,113,401 3,046,405 125,118 170,882 20,173,212
Change in net position Net position – Beginning of year, as restated Net position – End of year	\$ 975,651 40,472,207 41,447,858	\$ 170,459 43,905,912 44,076,371

The results of governmental activities for the year resulted in Wapello County, lowa's net position increasing by \$975,651. Revenues for governmental activities decreased by \$878,443 from the prior year, including decreases in capital grants, contributions and restricted interest. Expenditures decreased by \$1,683,635 including decreases in roads and transportation expenses.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$18,489,577 compared to \$20,173,212 last year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes was only \$11,729,459 because some of the cost was paid by those directly benefited from the programs (\$1,179,314) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$5,580,804).

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR FUND ANALYSIS

As the County completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$14,249,307, which is a decrease of \$295,433 from last year's total of \$14,544,740.

- General Fund revenues and expenditures decreased by 3.5% and .6%, respectively, when compared to the prior year. The ending fund balance showed an increase from the prior year of \$6,965 (prior year increase was \$383,889) from \$3,452,682 to \$3,459,647.
- The County has continued to look for ways to effectively manage the cost of mental health services. For the year, expenditures totaled \$1,831,126, an increase of 31.7% from the prior year. The Mental Health Fund balance at year end increased by \$55,095 (prior year increase was \$542,965) from the prior year due to increased expenditures.
- Secondary Roads Fund expenditures increased \$1,250,962 from the prior year, other financing sources increased \$959,514 due to debt proceeds. As a result, there was a decrease in the Secondary Roads Fund ending balance of \$174,920, or 22.2%.
- Rural Services Fund ending fund balance increased from the prior year by \$89,374 to \$444,094. This was
 primarily due to an increase in revenues.
- During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Debt Service Fund ending balance decreased by \$22,649 (prior year decrease was \$1,406,263) due to the refunding of previously issued debt to \$572,391.
- At the end of the year, the ending fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund had decreased to \$2,084,190, partially due to transfers out of \$275,000.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, Wapello County, lowa amended its budget once. As a result of the amendment, budgeted receipts increased \$225,675 including \$225,675 for miscellaneous receipts. Budgeted disbursements increased \$562,264 (including \$300,000 for capital projects) as a result of the budget amendment.

The County's receipts were \$13,616 more than budgeted, a variance of .07%. The most significant variance resulted from the County receiving less property and other county tax than anticipated. After the budget amendment, actual disbursements were \$3,420,849 less than the amounts budgeted. This includes \$1,958,428 and \$454,362 in the capital projects and mental health functions, respectively.

CAPTIAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, Wapello County, lowa had \$37,650,525 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including public safety equipment, buildings, park facilities, and roads and bridges. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deletions and depreciation) of \$1,316,256 or 3.6% more than the prior year.

Capital Assets of Governmental Activities at Year End

	June 30, <u>2015</u>		<u>201</u>	June 30, 14, As Restated	
Land Construction in progress Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals	\$	1,438,164 1,480,022 9,213,039 2,492,507 23,026,793 37,650,525	\$ \$	1,438,164 1,188,487 9,707,622 1,989,602 22,010,394 36,334,269	
The year's major additions included: Land Construction is progress Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$	1,480,022 986,710 1,104,948 3,571,680	\$ \$	115,422 1,188,487 865,109 1,482,155 3,651,173	

The County had depreciation expense of \$2,255,424 for the year ended June 30, 2015, and total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2015 of \$36,699,103.

Long-term Liabilities

At June 30, 2015, the County had \$9,867,628 in general obligation notes and other long-term liabilities compared to \$11,397,689 at June 30, 2014, as shown below.

Outstanding Long-term liabilities of Governmental Activities at Year-End

	June 30, <u>2015</u>	June 30, 2014, <u>As Restated</u>
Installment purchases	\$ 73,654	\$ 112,910
General obligation capital loan notes	4,880,000	5,595,000
Capital leases	1,276,815	592,136
Compensated absences	634,013	600,438
Net pension liability	2,529,712	4,116,922
Net OPEB liability	473,434	380,283
Total	\$ 9,867,628	\$ <u>11,397,689</u>

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt that counties can issue to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the County's corporate limits. The County's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below its constitution debt limit of \$56,713,956. Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave, installment purchases, capital leases, net pension liability and net OPEB liability. Additional information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Wapello County, lowa's elected and appointed officials and citizens considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2016 budget, tax rates, and the fees charged for the various County activities. One of those factors is the economy. Unemployment in the County (as of June 2015) now stands at 4.9% versus 5.5% a year ago. This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 3.6% and the national rate of 5.3%.

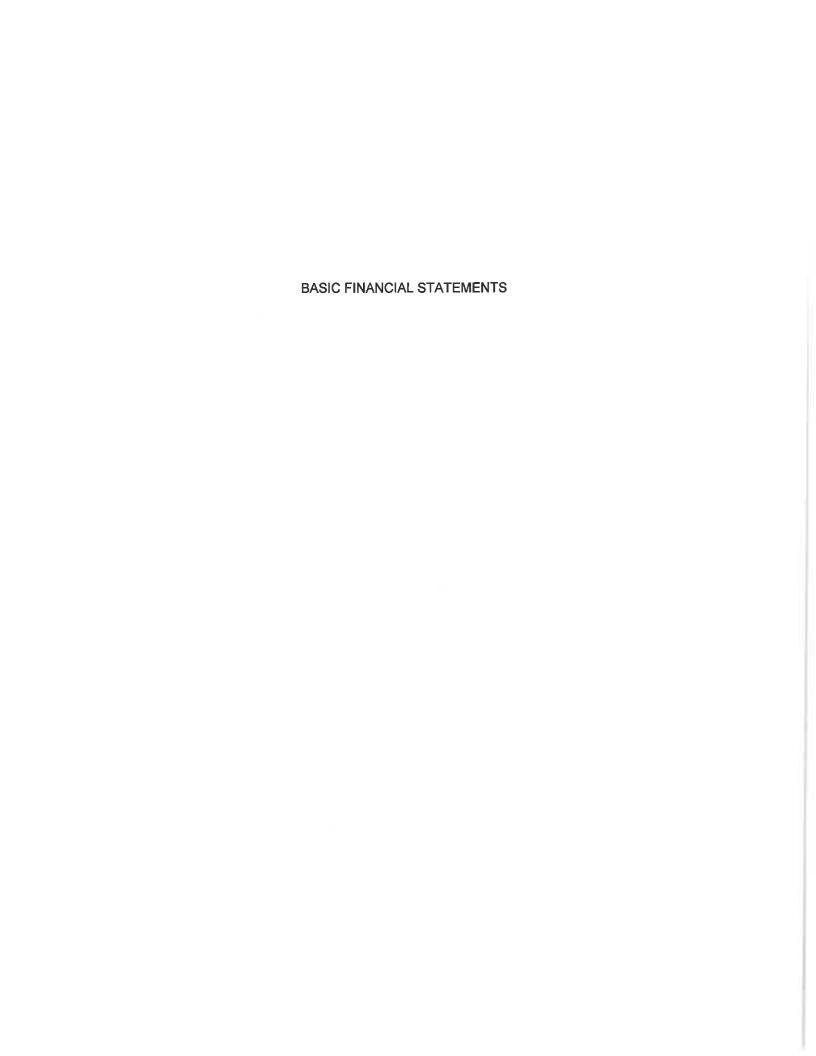
Inflation in the State is lower than the national Consumer Price Index increase. The State's CPI decrease was 1.860% for fiscal year 2014 compared with the national increase of .239%.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2016. Amounts available for appropriation in the operating budget are decreasing by \$13,462 compared to the final fiscal year 2015 budget. Miscellaneous revenues are expected to make up the majority of this decrease. Budgeted disbursements are expected to increase by \$2,421,363 compared to the final fiscal year 2015 budget. Increases in Mental health expenditures represent the majority of the increase. The County has added no major new programs or initiatives to the fiscal year 2016 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary operating balance is expected to decrease \$5,750,590 by the close of fiscal year 2016.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of Wapello County, lowa's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Wapello County Auditor's Office, 101 West Fourth Street, Ottumwa, Iowa.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS:	(Governmental Activities
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	14,126,586
Receivables:	•	14,120,000
Property tax:		
Delinquent		25,706
Succeeding year		9,726,217
Accounts		77,284
Loan		490,000
Due from other governments		653,258
Inventories		221,272
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		37,650,525
Total assets		62,970,848
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension related deferred outflows		698,075
<u>LIABILITIES</u> :		
Accounts payable		937,122
Salaries and benefits payable		100,942
Due to other governments		141,882
Accrued interest payable		5,316
Long-term liabilities:		
Portion due or payable within one year:		740.000
General obligation capital loan notes		710,000
Compensated absences Installment purchases		634,013
Capital leases		40,736
Portion due or payable after one year:		280,920
General obligation capital loan notes		4,170,000
Installment purchases		32,918
Capital leases		995,895
Net OPEB liability		473,434
Net pension liability		2,529,712
Total liabilities		11,052,890
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Unavailable property tax revenue		9,726,217
Pension related deferred inflows		<u>1,441,958</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		11,168,175
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets		31,420,056
Restricted for:		01,420,000
Supplemental levy		1,278,125
Mental health		4,264,964
Secondary roads		613,926
LEC maintenance		2,273,999
Capital projects		2,084,190
Debt service		572,391
Other purposes		982,190
Unrestricted		(2,041,983)
Total net position	\$	41,447,858

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Operating		Net
				Grants, Contributions	Capital Grants, Contributions	(Expense) Revenue and
			Charges	and Restricted	and Restricted	Changes in
		Expenses	for Service	Interest	Interest	Net Position
					<u></u>	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:						
Governmental activities:						
Public safety and legal services	\$	3,962,504	\$ 362,387	\$ 49,792	\$ 190	\$ (3,550,325)
Physical health and social services		1,214,396	142,820	160,091	5.5	(911,485)
Mental health		1,833,615	14,744	256,908	-	(1,561,963)
County environment and education		910,726	16,308	28,626	2	(865,792)
Roads and transportation		6,086,262	128,182	3,002,544	1,789,541	(1,165,995)
Governmental services to residents		977,052	499,899	260,277		(216,876)
Administration		3,245,692	14,974	22,497	-	(3,208,221)
Non-program		185,436	3	10.500	34	(185,436)
Interest on long-term debt		73,894	mi mi	10,528		(63,366)
Total	\$	18,489,577	\$ 1,179,314	\$ 3,791,263	\$ 1,789,541	(11,729,459)
OFNEDAL DEVENUES.						
GENERAL REVENUES:						
Property tax levied for:						0.040.000
General purposes Debt service						8,940,906
						698,900
Local option tax						1,474,558
Penalty and interest on property tax State tax credits						162,990 784,810
Unrestricted investment earnings						17,071
Gain on disposal of capital assets						22,324
Miscellaneous						603,551
Total general revenues						12,705,110
rotal general revenues						12,703,110
Change in net position						975,651
NET POSITION - Beginning of year, as re	state	ed				40,472,207
NET POSITION - End of year					5	\$ 41,447,858

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

					ıe			
						Secondary	Rural	
		<u>General</u>		MH-DD		Roads		Services
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax:	\$	3,561,303	\$	4,407,989	\$	667,944	\$	413,980
Delinquent Succeeding year Accounts Loan Due from other governments		16,806 6,358,731 74,143 63,528		4,173 1,578,850 = 41,831		682 254,022		2,858 1,081,331 121 40,583
Inventories		03,320		41,031		221,272		40,000
TOTAL ASSETS	æ ·	10.074.511	ው	0.000.040	\$		œ.	1 520 972
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	Ψ	10,074,511	\$	6,032,843	Φ	1,143,920	\$	1,538,873
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other governments Total liabilities	\$	176,894 56,817 11,055 244,766	\$	56,878 1,915 128,386 187,179	\$	495,167 33,569 1,258 529,994	\$	1,709 8,641 <u>762</u> 11,112
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable revenues: Succeeding year property tax Other Total deferred inflows of resources	-	6,358,731 11,367 6,370,098		1,578,850 3,850 1,582,700				1,081,331 2,336 1,083,667
FUND BALANCES:								
Nonspendable: Inventories Restricted for:		-		-		221,272		900
Debt service		_		-		_		(21)
Supplemental levy purposes		1,278,125				15		-
Mental health		-		4,262,964		123		
Secondary roads				**		392,654		
Capital projects		-		90		(-
Other purposes						200		444,094
Unassigned		2,181,522						
Total fund balances	_	3,459,647		4,262,964		613,926		444,094
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ _	10,074,511	\$	6,032,843	\$	1,143,920	\$	1,538,873

Debt <u>Service</u>	•	Nonmajor Capital Governmental <u>Projects Funds</u>					
\$ 82,179	\$ 1,951,9	26 \$	2,789,528	\$	13,874,849		
\$ 1,869 707,305 1 490,000 	212,7 \$ <u>2,164,6</u>		1,421 40,583 2,831,532	\$	25,706 9,726,217 76,381 490,000 653,258 221,272 25,067,683		
\$ No final manufal fill final fill fill fill fill fill fill fill fi	\$ 80,4	9	19,016 - 421 19,437	\$	830,124 100,942 141,882 1,072,948		
707,305 1,658 708,963	-	12 			9,726,217 19,211 9,745,428		
572,391	2,084,1	- - - - - -	2,812,095		221,272 572,391 1,278,125 4,262,964 392,654 2,084,190 3,256,189		
572,391	2,084,19	90	2,812,095		2,181,522 14,249,307		
\$ 1,281,354	\$ 2,164,65	<u>50</u> \$	2,831,532	\$	25,067,683		

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

\$ 14,249,307

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$74,349,628 and the accumulated depreciation is \$36,699,103.

37,650,525

The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of partial self funding of the County's health insurance benefit plan to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

145,642

Other long-term assets are not abailable to pay current year expenditures and, therefore, are recognized as deferred inflows in the governmental funds.

Property tax

19,211

Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund, as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources 698,075

(1,441,958)

(743,883)

Long-term liabilities, including accrued interest payable, installment purchases, general obligation capital loan notes, capital leases, compensated absences, net pension liability and net OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(9,872,944)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

41,447,858

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Specia	ai Re	evenue
				<u>'</u>		Secondary
DEVENUE		<u>General</u>		MH-DD		<u>Roads</u>
REVENUES:			_			
Property and other county tax	\$	6,211,365	\$	1,557,529	\$	-
Interest and penalty on property tax		162,990		5.00		3.00
Local option sales tax		-		_		
Intergovernmental		1,213,097		321,182		2,760,884
Licenses and permits		150		-		5,135
Charges for service		838,262		4,292		6,656
Use of money and property		222,883				:59
Miscellaneous		374,498		3,218		80,286
Total revenues		9,023,245		1,886,221		2,852,961
EXPENDITURES:						
Operating:						
Public safety and legal services		3,563,490		-		14
Physical health and social services		1,182,043		_		
Mental health		Fair		1,831,126		3
County environment and education		546,154		-		_
Roads and transportation						5,077,740
Governmental services to residents		626,277				_
Administration		2,838,062				
Non-program		120,578		-		_
Debt service		-		74		9
Capital projects		_				15,990
Total expenditures		8,876,604		1,831,126		5,093,730
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		146,641		55,095		(2,240,769)
Other financial sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets		10,324		9		12,000
Proceeds from long-term debt		_		9		934,849
Operating transfers in		2		_		1,119,000
Operating transfers out		(150,000)				21
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(139,676)	30	_		2,065,849
Change in fund balances		6,965		55,095		(174,920)
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of year	-	3,452,682		4,207,869	-	788,846
FUND BALANCES - End of year	\$ _	3,459,647	\$	4,262,964	\$	613,926

	Special Revenue					Nonmajor	
	Rural		Debt	Capital		vernmental	
	<u>Services</u>		<u>Service</u>	<u>Projects</u>		<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$	1,155,875	\$	697,242	\$ 823	\$	*	\$ 9,622,011
	-		돲	3 . 0.0		-	162,990
	359,672		-	755,214		359,672	1,474,558
	132,698		61,477	1,259,080		20,733	5,769,151
	38,846		-	4		23	44,131
	350		1	-		10,263	859,823
	127		35	162		55,092	278,172
	8,255		8,137		_	36,880	511,274
	1,695,696		766,891	2,014,456	_	482,640	18,722,110
	120,378			52		147,075	3,830,943
	· 5		_	_		111,070	1,182,043
	-		-	8			1,831,126
	215,357		_	3		56,770	818,281
	292,776		37.5	_		_	5,370,516
	2,491		-	ಕ		18,284	647,052
	6,320		==	-		38,497	2,882,879
	31		-	\simeq		(40)	120,578
	-		789,540	9		-	789,540
	9			2,137,124	_	348,644	2,501,758
	637,322		789,540	2,137,124		609,270	19,974,716
	1,058,374		(22,649)	(122,668)		(126,630)	(1,252,606)
	€.		-	-		-	22,324
	±:		-	-		-	934,849
	(060,000)		_	- (075 000)		275,000 ′	1,394,000
	(969,000)			(275,000)	_	35	(1,394,000)
	(969,000)		-	(275,000)		275,000	957,173
	89,374		(22,649)	(397,668)		148,370	(295,433)
	354,720	-	595,040	2,481,858	_2	2,663,725	14,544,740
\$ _	444,094	\$_	572,391	\$ 2,084,190	\$ _2	,812,095	\$ 14,249,307

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(295,433)

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital outlay expenditures and assets contributed exceeded depreciation expense in the current year as follows:

Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 2,868,682	
Capital assets contributed by lowa Department of Transportation	702,998	
Depreciation expense	(2,255,424)	1,316,256

Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's year end, they are not considered available revenues and are recognized as deferred inflows in the governmental funds, as follows:

Property tax 17,795

Proceeds from issuing long term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Current year issues and repayments are as follows:

Issued	(934,849)	
Repaid	1,004,426	69,577

The current year County employer share of IPERS contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position.

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, as follows:

Compensated absences	(33,575)	
Accrued interest	646	
Net pension liability	(209,339)	
Net OPEB liability	(93,151)	(335,419)

The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of the partial self-funding of the County's health insurance benefit plan to individual funds. The change in net position of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.

(332,964)

535,839

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

975,651

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2015

Internal Service - Wapello County Employee Health

\$ 251,737

903

252,640

ASSETS:

Current assets:

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments

Receivables:

Accounts

TOTAL ASSETS

LIABILITIES:

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable

106,998

NET POSITION:

Unrestricted

\$ 145,642

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	W	ernal Service - apello County aployee Health
OPERATING REVENUES: Reimbursements from operating funds	\$	2,425,560
OPERATING EXPENSES: Medical claims Operating loss	,	2,758,573 (333,013)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES: Interest income Net loss		(332,964)
NET POSITION - Beginning of year		478,606
NET POSITION - End of year	\$	145,642

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	W	ternal Service - l'apello County nployee Health
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from operating fund reimbursements Cash payments to suppliers for services NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	2,424,664 (3,000,715) (576,051)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest on investments		49
NET DECREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED INVESTMENTS		(576,002)
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED INVESTMENTS - Beginning of year		827,739
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED INVESTMENTS - End of year	\$	251,737
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Increase in accounts receivable Decrease in accounts payable	\$	(333,013) (896) (242,142)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ _	(576,051)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments: County Treasurer		\$ 2,981,605
Other County officials Receivables:		103,122
Accounts receivable Property tax receivable:		177,558
Delinquent		82,162
Succeeding year		31,087,254
Total assets		34,431,701
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts payable		291,426
Due to other governments		34,080,628
Compensated absences		24,745
Trusts payable		34,902
Total (iabilities		34,431,701
	NET POSITION	\$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Wapello County, Iowa is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The County operates under the Board of Supervisors form of government. Elections are on a partisan basis. Other elected officials operate independently with the Board of Supervisors. These officials are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Sheriff, and Attorney. The County provides numerous services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, roadway construction and maintenance and general administrative services.

The County's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Wapello County, Iowa has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The County has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County.

These financial statements present Wapello County, Iowa (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County.

<u>Blended Component Units</u> – The following component units are entities which are legally separate from the County, but are so intertwined with the County they are, in substance, the same as the County. They are reported as part of the County and blended into the appropriate funds.

The drainage districts have been established pursuant to Chapter 468 of the Code of Iowa for the drainage of surface waters from agricultural and other lands or the protection of such lands from overflow. Although these districts are legally separate from the County, they are controlled, managed and supervised by the Wapello County Board of Supervisors. The drainage districts are reported as a Special Revenue Fund. Financial information of the individual drainage districts can be obtained from the Wapello County Auditor's office.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> – The County also participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the County but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The County Board of Supervisors are members of or appoint representatives to the following boards and commissions: County Assessor's Conference Board, County Emergency Management Commission and County Joint E911 Service Board. Financial transactions of these organizations are included in the County's financial statements only to the extent of the County's fiduciary relationship with the organization and, as such, are reported in the Agency Funds of the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by property tax, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the County's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position result when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consist of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs that are not paid from other funds.

Special Revenue

The MH-DD Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues designated to be used to fund mental health, intellectual disabilities and developmental disabilities services.

The Secondary Roads Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa, required transfers from the General Fund and the Special Revenue, Rural Services Funds and other revenues to be used for secondary road construction and maintenance.

The Rural Services Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues to provide services which are primarily intended to benefit those persons residing in the county outside of incorporated city areas.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Debt Service

The Debt Service fund is utilized to account for property tax and other revenues to be used for the payment of principal and interest on the County's general long-term debt.

Capital Projects

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Additionally, the County reports the following funds:

Proprietary Fund

An Internal Service Fund is utilized to account for the financing of goods or services purchased by one department of the County and provided to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, certain jointly governed organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursements grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the County's policy is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The County maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the County are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Investments</u> – The cash balances of most County funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments is recorded in the General Fund, unless otherwise provided by law. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the lowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the Board of Supervisors is required to certify its budget in March of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1.5% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2013 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified by the County Board of Supervisors in March, 2014.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity</u> (Continued)

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, equipment and vehicles, intangibles and infrastructure assets acquired after July 1, 1980 (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, and similar items which are immovable and of value only to the County), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the County as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of three years.

<u>Asset Class</u>		<u>Amount</u>
Infrastructure	\$	50,000
Land, buildings and improve	ements	25,000
Machinery and Equipment		5,000

Capital assets of the County are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Useful Lives
Asset Class	(In Years)
Infrastructure	15-50
Buildings	25-50
Machinery and Equipment	5-20

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> – Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

<u>Due to Other Governments</u> – Due to other governments represents taxes and other revenues collected by the County and payments for services which will be remitted to other governments.

<u>Trusts Payable</u> – Trusts payable represents amounts due to others which are held by various County officials in fiduciary capacities until the underlying legal matters are resolved.

Compensated Absences – County employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees who have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2015. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund and the special revenue, MH-DD, Rural Services and Secondary Roads Funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity (Continued)

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> – In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund Statement of Net Position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> – Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax receivables that will not be recognized until the year for which it is levied and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

<u>Net Position</u> – The net position of the Internal Service, Wapello County Employee Health Fund is designated for anticipated future catastrophic losses of the County.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED INVESTMENTS

The County's deposits in banks at June 30, 2015 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The County is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Supervisors; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Investments are stated at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

The County had investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which are valued at an amortized cost of \$4,387,672 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Interest rate risk – The County's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the County.

NOTE 3: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Special Revenue: Secondary Roads	General Fund Special Revenue:	\$ 150,000
	Rural Services	969,000 1,119,000
Special Revenue: LEC-Maintenance	Capital Projects	\$ 275,000 1,394,000

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Governmental activities:	4	Balance Beginning of Year, As Restated		<u>Increases</u>		<u>Decreases</u>	f	Balance End of Year
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	1,438,164	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,438,164
Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	1000	1,188,487 2,626,651	Ψ	2,584,970 2,584,970	۳	(2,293,435) (2,293,435)	Ψ	1,480,022 2,918,186
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings Machinery and equipment		30,939,038 7,749,767		986,710		(40.020)		30,939,038
Infrastructure		29,512,422		2,293,435		(49,930)		8,686,547 31,805,857
Total capital assets being depreciated		68,201,227		3,280,145		(49,930)		71,431,442
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		21,231,416		494,583		_		21,725,999
Machinery and equipment		5,760,165		483,805		(49,930)		6,194,040
Infrastructure		7,502,028		1,277,036		(40.000)		8,779,064
Total accumulated depreciation		34,493,609		<u>2,255,424</u>		(49,930)		<u>36,699,103</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		33,707,618		1,024,721		-		34,732,339
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	36,334,269	\$	<u>3,609,691</u>	\$	<u>(2,293,435</u>)	\$	37,650,525

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities:		
Public safety and legal services	\$	261,652
Mental health	-	2,350
County environment and education		39,896
Roads and transportation		1,611,142
Governmental services to residents		165,036
Administration		<u>175,348</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$	<u>2,255,424</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 5: DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The County purchases services from other governmental units and also acts as a fee and tax collection agent for various governmental units. Tax collections are remitted to those governments in the month following collection. A summary of amounts due to other governments at June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Fund	Description	<u>Amount</u>
General	Services	\$ 11,055
Special Revenue: MH-DD Secondary roads Recorder's electronic fees Rural services	Services	128,386 1,258 421 762
Total for governmental funds		\$ <u>141,882</u>
Agency: Schools Corporations Area schools Auto license and use tax County assessor Townships Agricultural extension education E911 South Central Behavioral Health Region All other	Collections	\$ 15,354,087 14,288,952 1,027,286 841,153 924,204 341,518 219,835 359,187 479,686 244,720
Total for agency funds		\$ 34,080,628

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	General Obligation apital Loan <u>Notes</u>	gation al Loan Capital Installment			ompensated Absences	Net OPEB <u>Liability</u>			Net Pension <u>Liability</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Balance beginning of year, as restated	\$ 5,595,000	\$	592,136	\$	112,910	\$ 600,438	\$	380,283	\$	4,116,922	\$	11,397,689
Increases Decreases	(715,000)		934,849 (250,170)		(39,256)	634,013 (600,438)		93,151		(1,587,210)		1,662,013 (3,192,074)
Balance end of year	\$ 4,880,000	\$	<u>1,276,815</u>	\$	73,654	\$ 634,013	\$	<u>473,434</u>	\$	2,529,712	\$	9,867,628
Due within one year	\$ 710,000	\$	280,920	\$	40,736	\$ <u>.634,013</u>	\$		\$		\$	1,665,669

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Notes Payable

A summary of the County's June 30, 2015 general obligation capital loan note indebtedness is as follows:

	ļ	_	<u>Series 2013A</u> d March 28, 2	013			<u>Series 2013B</u> ed March 28,	<u>3</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Year Ending June 30,	Interest <u>Rate</u>		<u>Prinçipal</u>	j	nterest	Interest <u>Rate</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026	1.1% 1.1 1.2 1.35 1.5-2.1 2.1	\$	435,000 440,000 450,000 450,000 455,000 1,490,000 50,000	\$	52,180 47,394 42,556 37,604 32,204 61,650 1,050	1.1% 1.1 1.1 1.2	\$ 275,000 270,000 280,000 285,000	\$ 12,496 9,470 6,500 3,420	\$ 710,000 710,000 730,000 735,000 455,000 1,490,000 50,000	\$ 64,676 56,864 49,056 41,024 32,204 61,650 1,050	\$ 774,676 766,864 779,056 776,024 487,204 1,551,650 51,050
		\$	3,770,000	\$	274,638		\$ <u>1,110,000</u>	\$ <u>31,886</u>	\$ <u>4,880,000</u>	\$ 306,524	\$ <u>5,186,524</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the County retired \$715,000 of general obligation capital loan notes.

The Wapello County E-911 Organization has agreed to pay the County for their portion principal and interest on the Series 2013A capital loan notes as they become due. The County reports a loan receivable in the Debt Service Fund equal to the principal outstanding on these general obligation capital loan notes.

Installment Purchase Agreements

During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the County purchased equipment under installment purchase agreements. The agreements call for annual payments, including interest from 1.25% to 6%. Future maturities at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2016	\$ 40,736
2017	25,728
2018	<u>7,190</u>
	\$ <u>73,654</u>

Capital Lease Purchase Agreements

The County has entered into three capital lease purchase agreements to lease equipment with a historical cost of \$1,423,156. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments, including interest at rates ranging from 2.04% to 2.50% per annum, and the present value of net minimum lease payments under the agreements in effect at June 30, 2015:

Year Ended June 30.	
2016	\$ 300,064
2017	300,064
2018	300,064
2019	300,064
2020	<u> 146,649</u>
	1,346,905
Less amount representing interest	<u>(70,090</u>)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ <u>1,276,815</u>

Payments under capital lease purchase agreements totaled \$258,822 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the County, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the County are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by lowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under lowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information

Pension Benefits – A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, anytime after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. (These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits.) Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier (based on years of service).
- The member's highest five-year average salary. (For members with service before June 30, 2012, the highest three-year average salary as of that date will be used if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.)

Sheriff and deputy and protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age which is generally at age 55. Sheriff and deputy and protection occupation members may retire anytime after reaching age 50 with 22 or more years of covered employment.

The formula used to calculate a sheriff and deputy and protection occupation members' monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for years of service greater than 22 but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25 percent for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50 percent for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Contributions – Effective July 1, 2012, as a result of a 2010 law change, the contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. Statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2015, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 5.95 percent of pay and the County contributed 8.93 percent for a total rate of 14.88 percent. Sheriff and deputy members and the County both contributed 9.88 percent of pay for a total rate of 19.76 percent. Protection occupation members contributed 6.76 percent of pay and the County contributed 10.14 percent for a total rate of 16.90 percent.

The County's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$535,839.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2015, the County reported a liability of \$2,529,712 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the County's collective proportion was .0637865 percent, which was a decrease of .007916% from their collective proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County recognized pension expense of \$209,340. At June 30, 2015, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Related to Pensions (Continued)

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 29,330	\$	35,563
Changes of assumptions	119,100		27,296
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			1,370,928
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	13,806		8,171
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>535,839</u>		
Total	\$ <u>698,075</u>	\$	<u>1,441,958</u>

\$535,839 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2016	\$ (321,422)
2017	(321,422)
2018	(321,422)
2019	(321,422)
2020	5,966
	\$ (1,279,722)

There were no non-employer contributing entities at IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of Inflation	3.00 percent
(effective June 30, 2014) Salary increases	4.00 percent, average, including inflation
(effective June 30, 2014)	
Investment rate of return (effective June 30, 1996)	7.50 percent per annum, compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
(411-1111-1111-1111-1111-1111-1111-1111	

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies with dates corresponding to those listed above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	23 %	6.31
Non US Equity	15	6.76
Private Equity	13	11.34
Real Estate	8	3.52
Core Plus Fixed Income	28	2.06
Credit Opportunities	5	3.67
TIPS	5	1.92
Other Real Assets	2	6.27
Cash	1	(0.69)
Total	<u>100</u> %	

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the County will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease <u>(6.5%)</u>	Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 5,659,390	\$ 2,529,712	\$ (109,795)

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at www.ipers.org.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> – At June 30, 2015, the County reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$43,116 for legally required employer contributions and \$30,414 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to IPERS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

Wapello County, Iowa is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 331.301 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 727 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual casualty operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300 percent of basis rate.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The County's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as expenditures from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The County's contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$197,549.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the County's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$250,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the County's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the County's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims or losses shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claim was made or the loss was incurred.

The County does not report a liability for losses in excess of reinsurance or excess risk-sharing recoveries unless it is deemed probable such losses have occurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, at June 30, 2015, no liability has been recorded in the County's financial statements. As of June 30, 2015, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

The County also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers compensation and employee blanket bond. The County assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 9: EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

The Internal Service, Wapello County Employee Health Fund was established to account for partial self funding of the County's health insurance benefit plan. The plan is funded by County contributions and is administered through a service agreement with First Administrators, Inc. The agreement is subject to automatic renewal provisions. The County assumes liability for claims up to the individual stop loss limitation of \$30,000. Claims in excess of coverage are insured through purchase of stop loss insurance.

Monthly payments of service fees and plan contributions to the Wapello County Employee Health Fund are recorded as expenditures from the operating funds. Under the administrative services agreement, monthly payments of service fees and claims processed are paid to First Administrators, Inc. from the Wapello County Employee Health Fund. The County's contribution to the fund for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$2,425,560.

Amounts payable from the Wapello County Employee Health Fund at June 30, 2015 total \$106,998 which is for incurred but not reported (IBNR) and reported but not paid claims. The amounts are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior-year and current-year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. That reserve was \$145,642 at June 30, 2015 and is reported as a designation of the Internal Service, Wapello County Employee Group Health Fund net position. A liability has been established based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 10, which requires a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Settlements have not exceeded the stop-loss coverage in any of the past three years. A reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liability for claims for the current year is as follows:

Unpaid claims beginning of year	\$ 349,140
Incurred claims (including claims incurred but not reported at June 30, 2015)	2,758,573
Payments	3,000,715
Unpaid claims end of year	\$ 106,998

NOTE 10: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County is contingently liable on United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development notes for the Wapello County Rural Fire Agency (a 28E Organization). At June 30, 2015, this loan had an outstanding balance of \$120,064. The County is contingently liable on an additional United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development note for the Wapello County Rural Fire Agency (a 28E Organization). At June 30, 2015, the note had an outstanding balance of \$46,472. Since the interest and principal are currently paid by the respective entities, these liabilities have not been recorded in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 11: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> — The County operates a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical/prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. There are 141 active and 8 retired members in the plan. Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug benefits are provided through a partially self-funded medical plan administered by First Administers, Inc. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit subsidy and an OPEB liability.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the County. The County currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 11: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The County's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the County, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding which, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2015, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 140,373 15,211 (15,113)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	140,471 <u>(47,320</u>)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	93,151 <u>380,283</u>
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ <u>473,434</u>

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2008. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County contributed \$47,320 to the medical plan.

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation are summarized as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2013	\$ <u>160,087</u>	77.55%	\$ <u>379,736</u>
2014	\$ <u>160,757</u>	99.66%	\$ <u>380,283</u>
2015	\$ <u>140,471</u>	33.69%	\$ <u>473,425</u>

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> – As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015, the actuarial accrued liability was \$1,312,991 with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,312,991. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$5,676,730 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 23.13%. As of June 30, 2015, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumption about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan, presented as Required Supplementary Information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, will present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 11: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation date, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4% discount rate based on the County's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is 9%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 5%. The medical trend rate is reduced 0.5% each year until reaching the 5% ultimate trend rate. An inflation rate of 3% is assumed for the purpose of this computation.

Mortality rates are from the RPH - 2014 Total Dataset. Annual retirement and termination probabilities were developed using the alternate valuation method as prescribed by GASB 45.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$606 (\$1,316 for retiree and spouse coverage) per month for retirees. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 3% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

NOTE 12: CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

Prior to June 30, 2015 the County had signed several construction contracts that are summarized below:

Total commitments	\$ 1,697,737
Less amounts paid or accrued	<u>1,480,022</u>
Remaining commitments	\$ 217,715

The remaining balance at June 30, 2015 will be paid as work on the projects progress.

NOTE 13: WAPELLO COUNTY, IOWA FINANCIAL INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE MENTAL HEALTH REGION

South Central Behavioral Health, a jointly governed organization formed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa, includes the following member counties: Davis, Appanoose and Wapello County, Iowa. The financial activity of Wapello County, Iowa's Special Revenue, Mental Health Fund is included in South Central Behavioral Health for the year ended June 30, 2015 as follows:

Revenues:			
Property and other county tax			\$ 1,557,529
Intergovernmental revenues:			
State tax credits	\$	133,154	
Social services block grant		133,604	
Other intergovernmental revenues		54,424	321,182
Miscellaneous			7, <u>510</u>
Total revenues			<u>1,886,221</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 13: WAPELLO COUNTY, IOWA FINANCIAL INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE MENTAL HEALTH REGION (Continued)

Expenditures:		
Services to persons with:		
Mental illness	921,792	
Intellectual disability	<u>9,509</u>	931,301
General administration		
Direct administration	227,401	
Distribution to regional fiscal agent	<u>672,424</u>	<u>899,825</u>
Total expenditures		<u>1,831,126</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures		55,095
Fund balance beginning of the year		4,207,869
Fund balance end of the year	\$	4,262,964

NOTE 14: ACCOUNTING CHANGE/RESTATEMENT

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB No. 27 was implemented during fiscal year 2015. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with pension benefits, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. In addition, GASB No. 68 requires a state or local government employer to recognize a net pension liability and changes in the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources which arise from other types of events related to pensions. During the transition year, as permitted, beginning balances for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will not be reported, except for deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability which is required to be reported by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Additionally, during the year ended June 30, 2015, it was determined certain assets and related capital leases were mistakenly omitted from the financial statements for purchases made prior to June 30, 2014. Beginning net position for governmental activities was restated to retroactively report the beginning net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the measurement date and to adjust for the omission of certain capital assets and capital leases, as follows:

	(Governmental Activities
Net position June 30, 2014, as previously reported	\$	44,076,371
Net pension liability at June 30, 2014		(4,116,922)
Deferred outflows of resources related to prior year contributions made after the June 30, 2013 measurement date		516,827
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		484,238
Capital leases		(488,307)
Net position June, 30, 2014, as restated	\$	40,472,207

NOTE 15: RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts for the year ended June 30, 2014 have been reclassified to conform to June 30, 2015 presentation.

NOTE 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through February 25, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

RECEIPTS:		Governmental Fund Types <u>Actual</u>		Budgete Original	ed /	Amounts <u>Final</u>		Final to Actual <u>Variance</u>
Property and other County tax	\$	12,293,869	\$	12,574,667	\$	12,574,667	\$	(280,798)
Interest and penalty on property tax	Ψ	160,478	Ψ	141,000	Ψ	141,000	Ψ	19,478
Intergovernmental		4,483,682		4,322,906		4,322,906		160,776
Licenses and permits		43,995		55,100		55,100		(11,105)
Charges for service		872,713		776,947		776,947		95,766
Use of money and property		280,321		230,873		230,873		49,448
Miscellaneous		602,566		396,840		622,515		(19,949)
Total receipts		18,737,624		18,498,333		18,724,008		13,616
DIORINOTATION								
DISBURSEMENTS:								
Public safety and legal services		3,816,719		3,972,309		4,030,603		213,884
Physical health and social services		1,175,283		1,498,747		1,498,747		323,464
Mental health		1,732,128		2,186,490		2,186,490		454,362
County environment and education		813,040		842,698		848,198		35,158
Roads and transportation		4,141,246		4,194,940		4,194,940		53,694
Governmental services to residents		639,378		713,721		713,721		74,343
Administration		2,878,445		2,995,136		3,157,606		279,161
Non-program		120,573		139,928		139,928		19,355
Debt service		789,540		798,540		798,540		9,000
Capital projects		2,546,572		4,205,000		4,505,000		1,958,428
Total disbursements		18,652,924		21,547,509		22,073,773		3,420,849
Excess (deficiency) of receipts								
over (under) disbursements		84,700		(3,049,176)		(3,349,765)		3,434,465
ever (ander) dispulsements		04,700		(3,049,170)		(3,348,703)		3,434,400
Other financing sources, net		22,324		84,138		90,462		(68,138)
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other								
financing sources over (under)								
disbursements and other financing uses		107,024		(2,965,038)		(3,259,303)		3,366,327
BALANCE - Beginning of year		13,768,449		13,584,122		13,768,443		6
BALANCE - End of year	\$	13,875,473	\$	10,619,084	\$	10,509,140	\$	3,366,333

BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Fund Types	
	Modified Accrual Accrual Cash Basis Adjustments Basis	_
Revenues Expenditures Net	\$ 18,737,624 \$ (15,514) \$ 18,722,110	<u> </u>
Other financing sources, net	22,324 934,849 957,173	3
Beginning fund balances	13,768,449 776,291 14,544,740	<u>)</u>
Ending fund balances	\$ <u>13,875,473</u> \$ <u>373,834</u> \$ 14,249,307	7

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY REPORTING

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except the Internal Service Fund and Agency Funds, and appropriates the amount deemed necessary for each of the different County offices and departments. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These ten functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, non-program, debt service and capital projects. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. Legal budgetary control is also based upon the appropriation to each office or department. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$526,264. The budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

In addition, annual budgets are similarly adopted in accordance with the Code of Iowa by the appropriate governing body as indicated: for the County Extension Office by the County Agricultural Extension Council, for the County Assessor by the County Conference Board, for the E911 System by the Joint E911 Service Board and for Emergency Management Services by the County Emergency Management Commission.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST FISCAL YEAR*

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.063787 %
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,529,712
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,664,263
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	44.66 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	87.61 %

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 2 FISCAL YEARS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

		<u>2015</u>		2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$	535,839	\$	516,827
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	_	535,839		516,827
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,846,094	\$	5,664,263
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.17	%	9.12 %

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION LIABILITY

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation passed in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3 percent per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6 percent reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

In 2008, legislative action transferred four groups – emergency medical service providers, county jailers, county attorney investigators, and National Guard installation security officers – from Regular membership to the protection occupation group for future service only.

Benefit provisions for sheriffs and deputies were changed in the 2004 legislative session. The eligibility for unreduced retirement benefits was lowered from age 55 by one year each July 1 (beginning in 2004) until it reached age 50 on July 1, 2008. The years of service requirement remained at 22 or more. Their contribution rates were also changed to be shared 50-50 by the employee and employer, instead of the previous 40-60 split.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00 percent to 3.75 percent per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30 year amortization period to a closed 30 year amortization period for the UAL beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20 year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

The 2007 valuation adjusted the application of the entry age normal cost method to better match projected contributions to the projected salary stream in the future years. It also included in the calculation of the UAL amortization payments the one-year lag between the valuation date and the effective date of the annual actuarial contribution rate.

The 2006 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

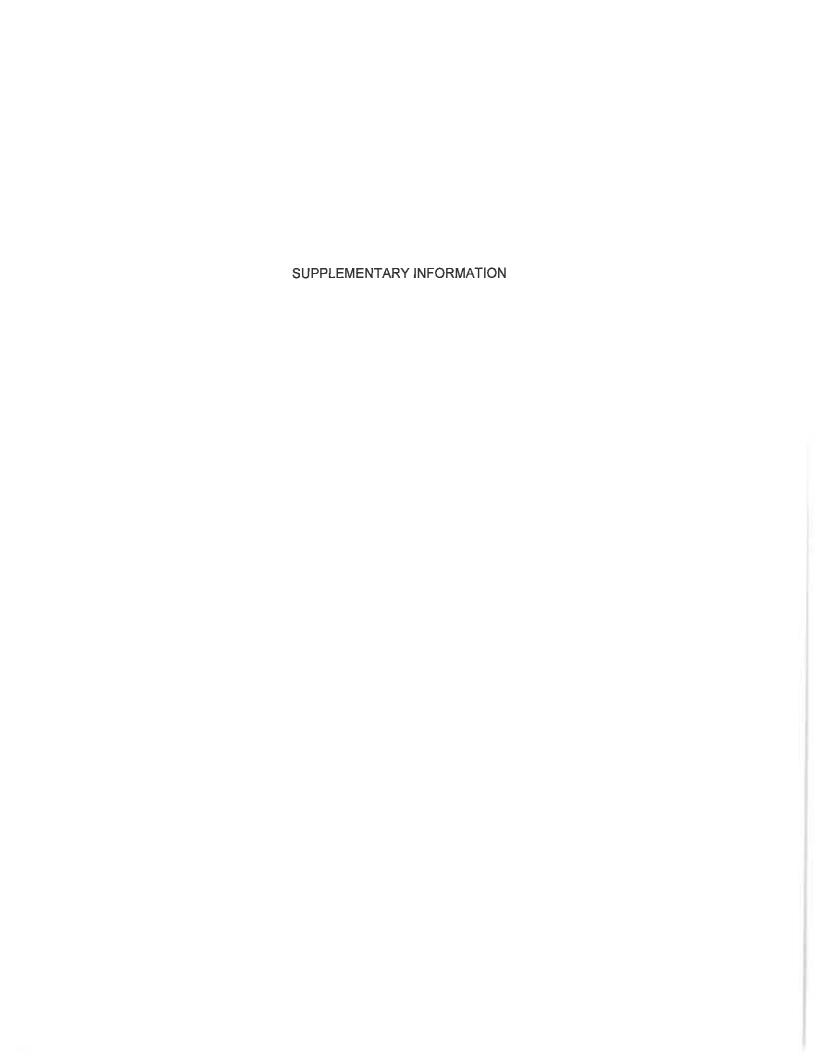
- Adjusted salary increase assumptions to service based assumptions.
- Decreased the assumed interest rate credited on employee contributions from 4.25 percent to 4.00 percent.
- Lowered the inflation assumption from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent.
- Lowered disability rates for sheriffs and deputies and protection occupation members.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30	Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets <u>(a)</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2009	July 1, 2008	\$	\$ <u>1,414,774</u>	\$ <u>1,414,774</u>	0.00%	\$ <u>4,947,150</u>	28.60%
2010	July 1, 2008	\$	\$ <u>1,414,774</u>	\$ <u>1,414,774</u>	0.00%	\$ _5,118,699	27.64%
2011	July 1, 2008	\$	\$ 1,414,774	\$ <u>1,414,774</u>	0.00%	\$ 5,370,853	26.34%
2012	July 1, 2011	\$	\$ 1,567,072	\$ <u>1,567,072</u>	0.00%	\$ 5,262,639	29.78%
2013	July 1, 2011	\$	\$ <u>1,567,072</u>	\$ <u>1,567,072</u>	0.00%	\$ _5,420,518	28.91%
2014	July 1, 2011	\$	\$ 1,567,072	\$ 1,567,072	0.00%	\$ 5,783,744	27.09%
2015	July 1, 2014	\$	\$ <u>1,312,991</u>	\$ 1,312,991	0.00%	\$ 5,676,730	23.13%

See Note 11 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation, funded status and funding progress.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMETNAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

				Special
<u>ASSETS</u>	LEC <u>Maintenance</u>	AGHWC <u>Maint</u>	<u>1</u>	County Recorder's Records Management
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 2,280,878	\$ 9,403	\$	23,252
Receivables: Accounts Due from other governments	2	-		1,418
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,280,880	\$ 9,403	\$	24,670
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED RESOURCES OF INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Due to other governments Total liabilities	\$ 6,881 6,881	\$ <u>.</u>	\$	5,284 5,284
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for: Other purposes	2,273,999	9,403		19,386
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,280,880	\$ 9,403	\$.	24,670

11010	21101	, r arrao								
Local Option <u>Tax</u>		REAP Fund	Recorder's Electronic <u>Fees</u>	C	Jail ommissary <u>Fund</u>	,	Wellness <u>Fund</u>		Orainage <u>Districts</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 232,062	\$	181,449	\$ 421	\$	57,955	\$	297	\$	3,811	\$ 2,789,528
40,583		1	e 		-		(7)			1,421 40,583
\$ 272,645	\$	181,450	\$ 421	\$	57,955	\$	297	\$	3,811	\$ 2,831,532
\$ 6,851	\$	¥ 	\$ - 421	\$	2	\$	())	\$	(*)	\$ 19,016 421
6,851			421		 -		:5			19,437
005 704		404 450			E7 0EE		207		2 211	2,812,09 <u>5</u>
265,794		181,450		-	57,955		297	,	3,811	2,012,090
\$ 272,645	\$	181,450	\$ 421	\$	57,955	\$	297	\$	3,811	\$ 2,831,532

Revenue Funds

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

					Spec	cial
	•	LEC <u>Maintenance</u>	AGHWC Maint	County Recorder's Records Management		Local Option Tax
REVENUES: Local option sales tax Intergovernmental Charges for service Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	9,964 11,206 21,170	\$ 3,001 3,001	\$ 5,179 3 1 5,183	\$	359,672 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
EXPENDITURES: Operating: Public safety and legal services County environment and education Governmental services to residents Administration Capital projects Total expenditures		123,217		18,284 		56,770 28,590 344,068 429,428
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(102,047)	3,001	(13,101)		(52,008)
Other financing sources: Transfers in		275,000	<u> </u>			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		172,953	3,001	(13,101)		(52,008)
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of year		2,101,046	6,402	32,487		317,802
FUND BALANCES - End of year	\$	2,273,999	\$ 9,403	\$ 19,386	\$	265,794

 Revenue Fu	nds				 	
REAP Fund		Recorder's Electronic Fees	Jail Commissary <u>Fund</u>	Wellness Fund	Drainage <u>Districts</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 20,733	\$	5,084	\$ 45,108 ————————————————————————————————————	\$ 4,924 4,924	\$ (7) (7)	\$ 359,672 20,733 10,263 55,092 36,880 482,640
4,576 4,576		5,084 5,084	23,858	4,823		147,075 56,770 18,284 38,497 348,644 609,270
16,174		-	21,250	101	3	(126,630)
(2)					(*	275,000
16,174			21,250	101		148,370
165,276			36,705	196	3,811	2,663,725
\$ 181,450	\$	9	\$ 57,955	\$ 297	\$ 3,811	\$ 2,812,095

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		County Offices					
ACCETO		County Recorder		County Sheriff			
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables:		\$ 64,186	\$	38,936			
Accounts receivable Property tax:		(*)		-			
Delinquent Succeeding year		121	_	-			
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 64,186	\$ _	38,936			
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payable Due to other governments		\$ 64,186	\$	5,079			
Compensated absences Trusts payable		35 35	-	33,857			
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 64,186	\$_	38,936			

Schedule 3

<u>E911</u>	Joint Disaster <u>Services</u>	Brucellosis and Tuberculosis <u>Eradication</u>	Corporations	Townships	<u>Schools</u>	Area <u>Schools</u>
\$ 310,511	\$ 73,013	\$ 80	\$ 320,019	\$ 5,873	\$ 325,154 -	\$ 21,565 -
177,558	2	-	7.43	: * 0	-	
\$ 488,069	\$ 73,013	\$ 9 3,477 3,566	\$ 36,825 13,932,108 14,288,952	\$ 885 334,760 341,518	\$ 39,616 14,989,317 15,354,087	\$ 2,651 1,003,070 1,027,286
·· ·						
\$ 128,882 359,187	\$ 298 72,715	\$ 3,566	\$ 14,288,952	\$ 341,518	\$ 15,354,087	\$ 1,027,286
\$ 488,069	\$ 73,013	\$ 3,566	\$ 14,288,952	\$ 341,518	\$ 15,354,087	\$ 1,027,286

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>		C	County Conservation <u>Trust</u>	County Assessor
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables: Accounts receivable		\$	1,045	\$ 488,726
Property tax: Delinquent Succeeding year	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,045	\$ 1,612 609,878 1,100,216
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Due to other governments Compensated absences Trusts payable		\$	1,045	\$ 151,267 924,204 24,745
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,045	\$ 1,100,216

Agricultural Extension Education	Auto License and <u>Use Tax</u>	South Central Behavioral Health Region	Special <u>Assessments</u>	Advance <u>Tax</u>		<u>Total</u>
\$ 4,627	\$ 841,153 -	\$ 490,665	\$ 10,070	\$ 89,104	\$	2,981,605 103,122
ĕ			-	120		177,558
564 214,644	= :				,	82,162 31,087,254
\$ 219,835	\$ 841,153	\$ 490,665	\$ 10,070	\$ 89,104	\$	34,431,701
\$ 219,835 - -	\$ 841,153 	\$ 10,979 479,686	\$ 10,070	\$ 89,104 - -	\$	291,426 34,080,628 24,745 34,902
\$ 219,835	\$ 841,153	\$ 490,665	\$ 10,070	\$ 89,104	\$	34,431,701

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		County	Offic	es
		County		County
		<u>Recorder</u>		<u>Sheriff</u>
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES				
Balances beginning of year	\$	72,091	\$	42,369
Additions:				
Property and other County tax		_		100
E911 surcharge		×		368
State tax credits		3		-
Reimbursements		3		-
Office fees and collections		372,588		154,961
Auto licenses, use tax and postage		50,823		-
Trusts				735,481
Miscellaneous		84		5
Total additions		423,495		890,447
Deductions:				
Agency remittances:				4
To other funds		184,470		157,537
To other governments		246,930		
Trusts paid out				736,343
Total deductions	-	431,400		893,880
Balances end of year	\$ _	64,186	\$.	38,936

Schedule 4

	<u>E911</u>	Joint Disaster <u>Services</u>	Brucellosis and Tuberculosis <u>Eradication</u>	Corporations	<u>Townships</u>	<u>Schools</u>	Area <u>Schools</u>
\$.	391,454	\$ 74,762	\$ 3,623	\$ 14,209,173	\$ 323,489	\$ 15,561,784	\$ 875,671
	-	-	3,354	13,139,403	368,198	14,348,343	1,137,088
	403,767				10.004	4 070 004	
		15	304	1,353,400	19,521	1,278,891	84,431
	3.7	114,586	-	=	=	-	(4)
	19		*	-	-	*	_
		-	-	-:		· ·	
	00	70	-	-			CV.
-	39	70					
-	403,806	114,656	3,658	14,492,803	387,719	15,627,234	1,221,519
	3	38		-	-	-	1 000 004
	307,191	116,405	3,715	14,413,024	369,690	15,834,931	1,069,904
-	<u>3€</u>	(*)				1-22/25	1.000.001
-	307,191	116,405	3,715	14,413,024	369,690	15,834,931	1,069,904
\$	488,069	\$ 73,013	\$ 3,566	\$ 14,288,952	\$ 341,518	\$ 15,354,087	\$ 1,027,286

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	County Conservation Trust			County Assessor		Agricultural Extension Education
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
Balances beginning of year	\$	1,045	\$	1,390,511	\$	222,325
Additions:						
Property and other County tax		10		675,340		209,109
E911 surcharge				3		\$ 3
State tax credits				53,361		18,103
Reimbursements		25		3		-
Office fees and collections		E5		232		53
Auto licenses, use tax and postage		±1		-		F.1
Trusts		- 5		*		*1
Miscellaneous				108		
Total additions		- 6		729,041		227,212
Deductions:						
Agency remittances:						
To other funds		-		23		-
To other governments		1.0		1,019,336		229,702
Trusts paid out						
Total deductions				1,019,336	-	229,702
Balances end of year	\$	1,045	\$	1,100,216	\$ _	219,835

Auto License and <u>Use Tax</u>	South Central Behavioral Health Region		Special <u>Assessments</u>		Advance <u>Tax</u>	Tax <u>Redemption</u>		<u>Total</u>
\$ 736,528	\$ 	\$	12,675	\$	97,913	\$ 	\$	34,015,413
*: *::	3 5		-		88,933	813,030		30,782,798
59	5.5		76		8	*		403,767
- 3			-		-	2 3		2,808,011
=3	1,095,843				•	\$ 3		1,210,429
-	_		≨		-	₽		527,781
9,131,042	23		-		-	-		9,181,865
-	(B)		- 7		2	5.1		735,481
	672		33,923					34,901
9,131,042	1,096,515		33,923		88,933	813,030		45,685,033
294,788					20			636,795
8,731,629	605,850		36,528		97,742			43,082,577
0,731,029	005,650		30,320		51,142	813,030		1,549,373
0.006.417	605.050	-	26 520		07.740			
9,026,417	605,850	-	36,528	,	97,742	813,030	•	45,268,745
\$ 841,153	\$ 490,665	\$	10,070	\$	89,104	\$ -	\$	34,431,701

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

	-	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		2012
REVENUES:						
Property and other County tax	\$	9,622,011	\$ 9,849,197	\$ 9,909,612	\$	11,226,576
Interest and penalty on property tax		162,990	181,328	174,788		174,129
Local option sales tax		1,474,558	1,499,176	1,573,872		*
Intergovernmental		5,769,151	4,342,162	5,886,711		10,313,272
Licenses and permits		44,131	67,378	79,421		64,204
Charges for service		859,823	865,847	894,850		845,005
Use of money and property		278,172	253,883	252,078		223,309
Miscellaneous		511,274	675,383	833,772		573,788
						'
Total	\$	18,722,110	\$ 17,734,354	\$ 19,605,104	\$	23,420,283
EXPENDITURES:						
Operating:						
Public safety and legal services	\$	3.830.943	\$ 3,792,791	\$ 3,868,697	\$	3,637,274
Physical health and social services	•	1,182,043	1.304.456	1,546,820	•	1,394,509
Mental health		1,831,126	1,390,455	1,451,357		5,024,991
County environment and education		818,281	810.317	910,928		845,837
Roads and transportation		5,370,516	4,102,792	3,860,466		3,885,452
Governmental services to residents		647,052	647,117	610,668		611,380
Administration		2,882,879	2,853,186	2,775,666		2,749,286
Non-program		120,578	123,328	131,101		128,671
Debt service		789,540	2,204,652	326,124		303,426
Capital projects		2,501,758	3,132,838	3,173,294		5,146,511
r was		, , , , , , , , , , ,	, , ,		•	
Total	\$	19,974,716	\$ 20,361,932	\$ 18,655,121	\$	23,727,337

^{*} Local option sales tax is included in property and other county tax

	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		2009		2008		<u>2007</u>		2006
\$	11,268,853 168,276	\$	10,826,651 161,408	\$	10,404,132 145,270	\$	10,079,422 130,642	\$	9,885,133 148,757	\$	8,800,575 130,505
	7,422,708 37,658 847.670		6,384,045 54,931 796,228		6,824,410 38,111 794,444		6,086,157 71,291 800,920		5,727,522 68,963 849,239		6,480,923 73,193 883,848
	218,487 356,317		233,464 382,279		312,897 480,648		509,770 350,122		608,468 365,097		448,982 281,346
\$	20,319,969	\$	18,839,006	\$	18,999,912	\$	18,028,324	\$	17,653,179	\$	17,099,372
\$	3,543,591	\$	3,354,911	\$	3,185,458	\$	3,019,224	\$	3,091,326	\$	3,297,740
Ψ	1,647,211	Ψ	1,454,512	Ψ	1,530,701	Ψ	1,386,321	φ	1,601,856	Ψ	1,609,077
	4,323,831		3,647,255		4,313,628		4.291,623		4,022,761		3,857,419
	981,994		1,115,010		919,729		958,068		648,474		653,939
	4,371,424		3,945,493		3,883,815		3,769,465		3,846,746		3,497,777
	559,997		592,845		566,725		553,806		499,305		745,395
	2,670,332		2,572,225		2,585,350		2,464,761		2,527,710		2,225,882
	122,180		121,154		128,107		348,817		107,441		97,637
	299,438 2,002,381		299,907		2 100 210		3,095		179,376		193,889
-	2,002,301		915,872		3,108,318		841,774		601,809		1,435,809
\$_	20,522,379	\$	18,019,184	\$	20,221,831	\$	17,636,954	\$	17,126,804	\$	17,614,564

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	CFDA Number	Agency or Pass- Through Number	Program Expenditures
GRANTOR/PROGRAM:	<u>INGITIDEI</u>	THIOUGH NUMBER	<u>Expenditures</u>
INDIRECT: United States Department of Justice:			
Iowa Department of Justice:			
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	VA-15-77-CJ	\$32,167
lowa Department of Public Safety:			
Governor's Alliance on Substance Abuse:			
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	VW-15-77-CJ	34,934
United States Department of Agriculture: Iowa Department of Human Services:			
Human Services Administrative Reimbursements:			
State Administration Matching Grants for			
The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		25,125
United States Depatment of Transportation			
Iowa Department of Transportation:			
Highway Planning and Construction		BROS-C090(79)-63-90	521,450
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BROS-C090(74)-8J-90	321,560 843,010
United States Department of Health and Human Services:			
Iowa Department of Public Health:			
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	-	2,622
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	*	3,458
			6,080
Public Health Preparedness Program (HPP) and Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) Aligned			
Cooperative Agreements	93.074	27	49,973
Oddporative / Igrooments	00.07		
Iowa Department of Human Services:			
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Voluntary Agency Programs	93.566	-	51
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds			
of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	-	6,472
Foster Care - Title IV - E	93.658		9,611
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	1.5	155

Schedule 6 (Continued)

WAPELLO COUNTY, IOWA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

GRANTOR/PROGRAM:	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Agency or Pass- Through Number	Program <u>Expenditures</u>
INDIRECT: (Continued) United States Department of Health and Human Services: (Continued)			
lowa Department of Human Services: (Continued) Adoption Assistance	93.659	÷	3,032
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	2	47,378
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	*	141,344
United States Department of Homeland Security: Federal Emergency Management Agency: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	¥	510,066
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	-	34,213
Total		;	1,743,611

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> - The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Wapello County, Iowa and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, <u>and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Elected Officials of Wapello County, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wapello County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Wapello County, Iowa's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Wapello County, lowa's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wapello County, lowa's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wapello County, lowa's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 15-II-E to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 15-II-A through 15-II-D to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wapello County, Iowa's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 15-IV-I.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County's operations for the year ended June 30, 2015 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the County. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Wapello County, Iowa's Response to Findings

Wapello County, lowa's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Wapello County, lowa's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Wapello County, lowa during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

ANDERSON, LARKIN & CO. P.C.

Ottumwa, Iowa February 25, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Elected Officials of Wapello County, Iowa

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Wapello County, Iowa's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Wapello County, Iowa's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Wapello County, Iowa's major federal programs are identified in part I of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Wapello County, Iowa's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wapello County, lowa's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Wapello County, Iowa's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Wapello County, lowa, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Wapello County, lowa is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Wapello County, lowa's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wapello County, lowa's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ANDERSON, LARKIN & CO. P.C.

Ottumwa, Iowa February 25, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results

- a. Unmodified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- b. Significant deficiencies and a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- c. The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- d. No material weaknesses in internal control over the major programs were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- e. An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major programs.
- f. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- g. The major programs were CFDA Number: 20.205 Highway Planning and Constrution 97.036 Disaster Grants Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)
- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- i. Wapello County, lowa qualified as a low-risk auditee.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

15-II-A <u>Capital Asset Deletions</u> – During our review of capital assets, it was determined that the County does not have a written policy regarding the deletion of capital assets.

Recommendation – The County should adopt a policy that includes who has authority to delete an asset, when this can be done and what documentation should be maintained relating to the deletion.

Response – We will adopt a policy for capital asset deletions.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

15-II-B <u>Expenditures</u> – During our testing of expenditures we found several expenditures in the IT department that were paid at least 2 months after the billing or shipping date and two expenditures that included late payment fees.

<u>Recommendation</u> – Department heads should make sure that claims are turned in for payment by the Auditor's office in a timely manner to avoid unnecessary late fees.

Response - We will do so.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

15-II-C <u>Local Option Tax Disbursements</u> — During our testing of expenditures, it was determined that an expenditure paid to Regional Utility Service Systems (R.U.S.S.) for \$61,425 as a fee to withdraw from a 28e agreement may not meet the intended use of the local option sales tax ballot from 2012.

Recommendation – The County should consult with legal council to determine if this expenditure is an appropriate use of Local Option Sales Taxes designated for capital projects.

Response – The County will make a transfer from general basic to the local option fax fund to reimburse the fund for the R.U.S.S. payment.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements (Continued)

15-II-D <u>Employee W-2</u> -- During the audit, it came to our attention that a W-2 for a former employee of the County, may have been improperly prepared.

Recommendation – The County should determine if the amounts reported in the W-2 are correct and if necessary, amend the corresponding payroll tax returns and the W-2.

Response - We will look into this.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

15-II-E <u>Financial Reporting</u> – During the year ended June 30, 2015, it was determined that certain capital assets and related capital leases that were purchased and issued prior to July 1, 2014 were mistakenly omitted from the capital assets listing and the long term debt schedules. The effects of these omissions are shown in Note 14 of the current year financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The County should maintain an updated listing of capital assets, as well as a long term debt schedule that reconciles to the audited financial statements.

Response - We will do so in the future.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Part III: Findings and Questions Costs For Federal Awards:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

No matters were noted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

- 15-IV-A <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2015 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.
- 15-IV-B Questionable Expenditures We noted no expenditures that we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- 15-IV-C <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.
- 15-IV-D <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the County and County officials or employees were noted.
- 15-IV-E <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions.
- 15-IV-F Board Minutes No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.
- 15-IV-G Deposits and Investments No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the County's investment policy were noted.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting (Continued)

- 15-IV-H Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of lowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).
- 15-IV-I County Extension Office The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the State of Iowa. This fund is administered by an Extension Council separate and distinct from County operations and, consequently, is not included in Exhibits A or B.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2015 for the County Extension Office exceeded the amounts budgeted.

Recommendation – The budget should have been amended before expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts.

Response - We will do so in the future, if necessary.

Conclusion - Response accepted.